Multiplication - commutative property

In multiplication, the order in which we multiply does not change the answer.

Example: 2 x 4 = 4 x 2   or   978 x 323 = 323 x 978

Use the commutative property to fill the missing values.

1) $5 \times \underline{} = 6 \times 5$

2) $40 \times \underline{} = 17 \times 40$

3) $58 \times 20 = \underline{} \times 58$

4) $5 \times 59 = 59 \times \underline{}$

5) $83 \times 6 = \underline{} \times 83$

6) $\underline{} \times 8 = 8 \times 45$

7) $\underline{} \times 4 = 4 \times 7$

8) $\underline{} \times 40 = 40 \times 88$

9) $63 \times 29 = 29 \times \underline{}$

10) $\underline{} \times 42 = 42 \times 5$

11) $92 \times 9 = \underline{} \times 92$

12) $31 \times 13 = 13 \times \underline{}$

Does the commutative property apply to subtraction questions?
Answer and show an example.

In multiplication, the order in which we multiply does not change the answer.

Example: 2 x 4 = 4 x 2   or   978 x 323 = 323 x 978

Use the commutative property to fill the missing values.

1) 5 × 6 = 6 × 5

2) 40 × 17 = 17 × 40

3) 58 × 20 = 20 × 58

4) 5 × 59 = 59 × 5

5) 83 × 6 = 6 × 83

6) 45 × 8 = 8 × 45

7) 7 × 4 = 4 × 7

8) 88 × 40 = 40 × 88

9) 63 × 29 = 29 × 63

10) 5 × 42 = 42 × 5

11) 92 × 9 = 9 × 92

12) 31 × 13 = 13 × 31

Does the commutative property apply to subtraction questions? Answer and show an example.

No, the commutative property cannot be applied for subtraction questions.
10 - 6 = 4
6 - 10 = -4